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The Athlete

Kentucky High School Athletic Association

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The Kentucky High School Athlete, February 1955

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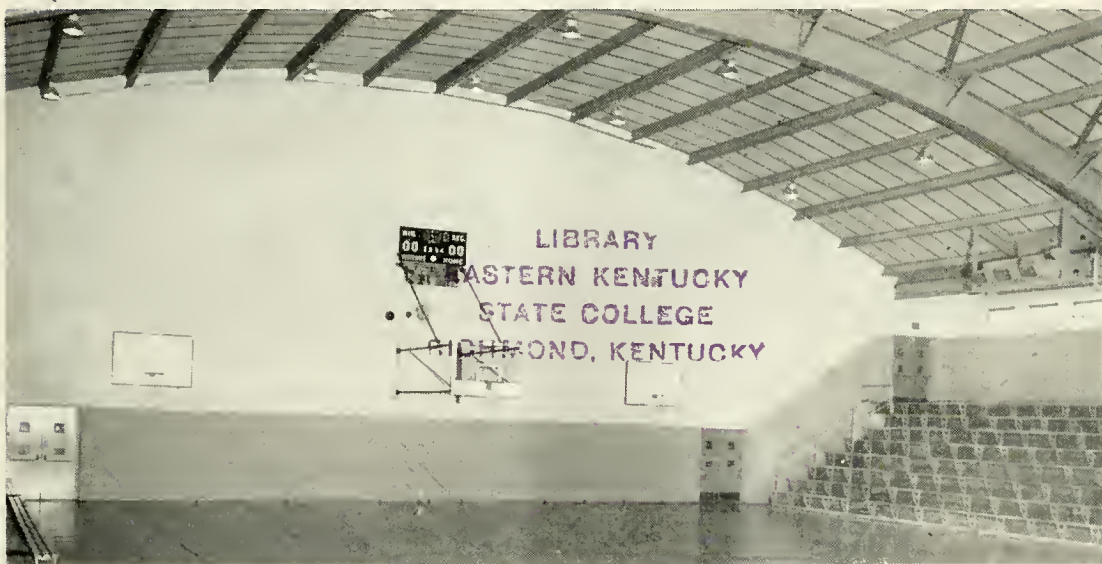
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THE KENTUCKY



High School Athlete

Boone County High School Gymnasium



Kentucky school boards are constructing fine new gymnasiums all over the state. The Boone County High School gymnasium, shown above, will be the site of the forthcoming Ninth Regional Basketball Tournament.

Official Organ of the KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSN.

FEBRUARY - 1955

:-: *The Sportsman's Creed* :-:

The Player—

1. He lives clean and plays hard. He plays for the love of the game.
2. He wins without boasting, he loses without excuses, and he never quits.
3. He respects officials and accepts their decisions without question.
4. He never forgets that he represents his school.

The Coach—

1. He inspires in his boys a love for the game and the desire to win.
2. He teaches them that it is better to lose fairly than to win unfairly.
3. He leads players and spectators to respect officials by setting them a good example.
4. He is the type of man he wants his boys to be.

The Official—

1. He knows the rules.
2. He is fair and firm in all decisions. He calls them as he sees them.
3. He treats players and coaches courteously and demands the same treatment for himself.
4. He knows the game is for the boys, and lets them have the spotlight.

The Spectator—

1. He never boos a player or official.
2. He appreciates a good play, no matter who makes it.
3. He knows the school gets the blame or the praise for his conduct.
4. He recognizes the need for more sportsmen and fewer "sports."

The Kentucky High School Athlete

*Official Organ of the
Kentucky High School Athletic Association*

VOL. XVII—NO. 7

FEBRUARY, 1955

\$1.00 Per Year

Report on the National Federation Winter Meeting

Editor's note: The material given below combines reports on the recent National Federation meeting, made by Secretary Joe Ohr of the Kentucky High School Coaches Association and Executive Secretary H. V. Porter of the National Federation.

The Kentucky High School Athletic Association and the Kentucky High School Coaches Association were represented at the National Federation meeting, held in New Orleans, Louisiana, on January 5-7, by Assistant Commissioner J. B. Mansfield; Dr. Lyman V. Ginger, Football Committee member; Principal Joe Ohr of the Irvine High School, Secretary of the Kentucky Coaches Association; and Athletic Director Edgar McNabb of the Beechwood High School, President of the Kentucky Coaches Association.

The three day meeting, which included sessions for state executive officers and for members of the National Federation Football Committee, was held in the St. Charles Hotel. S. F. Burke, National Federation President, was general chairman. Delegates from forty-two states were in attendance.

The National Federation Executive Committee met Wednesday morning and afternoon, January 5, and there was a session on "Non-Athletic Activity" Wednesday evening. Thursday and Friday were given over to meetings of the Football Committee. On Thursday evening the delegates were entertained at a dinner given with the compliments of the Louisiana Athletic Association and the New Orleans Recreation Department.

The state executive officers met on Friday evening and Saturday morning, with such items on the agenda as Report of the Non-Athletic Committee, The Basketball Program, Court or Legislative Activity, The Baseball Program, A Public Relations Project, and Bringing Statistical Data Up-to-Date.

During the first session of the Football Committee meeting, a complete report on the Chicago meeting, held in December, was made by Secretary Lyle Quinn of Iowa and Assistant Secretary Kermit Anderson of Minnesota. Particular emphasis was given to that part of the Chicago meeting which

dealt with equipment and safety factors. Several proposals submitted by the Safety Committee were adopted later and will become effective in 1956 and 1957.

The Game Administration Committee, headed by Secretary J. C. Harper of Alabama, reclassified or introduced new signals for some twelve rules infractions. The whole purpose for the reclassification of signals is simplicity, with the idea that the signals can be better understood by coaches, players, and spectators.

The 1955 rules will show the modifications with the major changes in signals affecting foul signal Nos. 2 and 3 and the elimination of signal No. 10 as the present signals are known. Probably the most significant modification passed by the Committee was that of an ineligible receiver being down the field on a pass situation. The penalty was increased from a five yard loss to a fifteen yard loss.

Several important changes in the rules were voted in the Assembly, and among the changes were:

1. The snapper (center) should have the same right as his teammates to move his foot as soon as the snap motion has started. The vote registered by coaches and athletic directors favoring this rule was 4741 to 566.

2. All white stripes on jerseys below the elbow are illegal. This rule becomes effective in 1958.

3. Rubber-covered wire cage face guards are given the same standing as smooth plastic face guards.

4. The nylon cleat with metal tip was made legal. A report made by the Michigan delegates emphasized the fact that with use the cleat became more safe.

5. A maximum limit on the length of a cleat was adopted to become effective in 1956. The cleat, to be legal, can not be more than 7/8 of an inch in length.

Executive Secretary H. V. Porter summarized for members of the Football Committee the more important rule modifications. Mr. Porter's summary follows:

(Continued on Page Seven)

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Assistant Editor.....J. B. MANSFIELD
Lexington, Ky.

BOARD OF CONTROL

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Subscription Rates.....\$1.00 Per Year

From the Commissioner's Office

Allotment of State Tournament Tickets

Followers of teams winning the regional basketball tournaments will have an opportunity to purchase State Tournament tickets from their school principals under a ticket allotment plan similar to the one which has been in effect for the past several years. Approximately 1700 sets of tickets, calling for seats in the end and corner sections of the Coliseum, will be saved for the supporters of the regional winners. These tickets will be allotted to the schools involved on the basis of their enrollments, and the allotments will be made only to the schools with teams competing in any particular session. Principals of these schools will be advised concerning their allotments early in the week of the State Tournament.

1955 District Tournament Sites

(1) Fulton. (2) Lone Oak. (3) Lowes. (4) Murray Training. (5) Marion. (6) Caldwell County. (7) Madisonville. (8) Hopkinsville. (9) Providence. (10) Holy Name. (11) Sacramento. (12) Owensboro. (13) Flaherty. (14) Butler County. (15) Hartford. (16) Central City. (17) Bowling Green. (18) Russellville. (19) Park City. (20) Marrowbone. (21) Campbellsville. (22) Memorial. (23) Ft. Knox. (24) Old Kentucky Home. (25) Atherton. (26) Fern Creek. (30) Shelbyville. (31) Oldham County. (32) Gallatin County. (33) Boone County. (34) Covington Catholic. (35) Newport. (36) Newport Catholic. (37) Garth. (38) Grant County. (39) Maysville. (40) Bourbon County Vocational. (41) Bridgeport. (42) Harrodsburg. (43) University. (44) Central. (45) Junction City. (46) Liberty. (47) Somerset. (48) London. (49) McKee. (50) Woodbine. (51) Bell County. (52) Loyall. (53) Whitesburg. (54) Hazard. (55) Breathitt County. (56) Lee County. (57) Belfry. (58) Garrett. (59) Van Lear. (60) Morgan County. (61) Clark County. (62) Morehead. (63) Vanceburg. (64) McKell.

By-Law 21

School administrators and coaches should check their schedules carefully and see to it that their teams are not playing more than the number of basketball games allowed under the provisions of K.H.S.A.A. By-Law 21. In only one county, conference or invitational tournament may the games played by a team representing a member school count as only one game. If a team plays in more than one of these tournaments, the one in which the most games are played may be counted as the one game mentioned in the By-Law.

News About Swimming

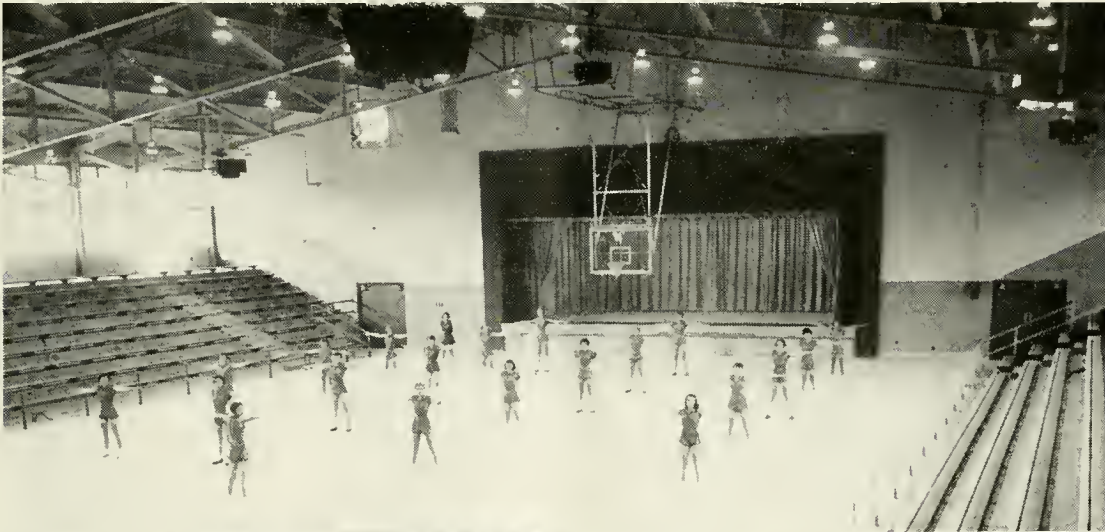
The 1955 State High School Swimming Meet is scheduled to be held in Lexington on Saturday, April 2. Although the State Swimming Committee and the Board of Control have not completed the preparation of swimming regulations for the state affair, it is safe to assume that these regulations will be essentially the same as those in effect last year.

Class A schools will include those high schools with an enrollment of 750 or more (grades 9-12), Class B will include those schools with an enrollment between 300 and 750, and Class C will be schools with an enrollment of less than 300. Any school may enter a class above its classification, and any school entering a team in the meet for the first time may enter the class below its classification.

The method of entering teams in the meet will be the same as in past years, with the State Office supplying entry blanks to the schools whose principals have indicated that they will enter teams in the meet. The Association will probably make the same allowance to participants for transportation, lodging and meals, as is given State Track Meet participants, this allowance applying to not more than two participants in each event. Expenses of the swimming coach will be paid if the school has as many as four entries in the State Meet.

Board Election

The terms of Board of Control members for Sections 2 and 5 expire on June 30. Four men have been nominated for membership on the Board by principals of Section 2. They are Principal Charles S. Combs of the Hartford High School, Supt. Robert P. Forsythe of the Muhlenberg County Schools, Principal Edwin J. Mayes of the Irvington High School, and Supt. George T. Taylor of the Central City Schools. In Section 5, two men have been nominated. They are Supt. Kenneth G. Gillaspie of the Georgetown Schools, and Principal George H. Wright of the Bellevue



The Lone Oak gymnasium was erected at a cost of approximately \$300,000.

High School. Principals in the sections involved will be mailed ballots prior to February 15. These ballots should be returned on or before March 1.

"Approved" and "Certified" Officials

Since the list of "Approved" and "Certified" officials appeared in the January issue of the magazine, one additional official has qualified for the "Approved" rating and three for the "Certified". They are: Approved—Robert K. Hulse, Jr.; Certified—Ralph E. Hobbs, Damon Majors and George W. Riddle.

Correction

Through an error, the name of R. C. Johnson, a Springfield High School football player, was omitted from the South Central All-Conference Team, which appeared in the January issue of the Athlete. Johnson, a back, was an unanimous selection.

Protection Fund News

Three hundred twenty-two member schools of the K.H.S.A.A. had insured their athletes with the Protection Fund at the time this issue of the magazine went to press. Five hundred three claims, totaling \$10,820.09, have been paid since July 1.

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF REGISTERED BASKETBALL OFFICIALS

(List Compiled February 1)

If one telephone number is given for an official listed it is the home phone number unless otherwise designated. If two numbers are given, the first number is that of the home phone.

Ashbrook, William Elliott, 158 Eastover, Lexington, 2-8360
Ashby, Carl Cooper, 1013 W. 12th., Owensboro, 3-9991
Bohanon, J. B., 2226 Madison, Paducah, 28149, 21652
Black, Charles D., High St., Barbourville, 193, 439
Brown, Paul D., 262 Kalmia, Lexington, 3-1428
Brugh, Walter J., P. O. Box 624, Paintsville, 355, 97
Carr, Herman, Gatliff
Chandler, James, 134 Main, Paintsville, 374, 97
Damron, William B., Rock Hill High School, Pedro, Ohio
Deaton, Carl, P. O. Box 38, Morehead
Draughn, Bartram, Hindman
Farmer, John Clay, Shakertown Rd., Danville, 531-W, 531-W
Foster, Joseph W., 1015 Bryan Ave., Lexington, 4-8058, 3-3335
Goodin, Charles L., 632 Mt. View Ave., Pineville, ED 7-2365
Gosnell, Charles, Gatliff
Hardy, Alvin, Route 3, Vine Grove, 04W2
Hayes, Douglass Jennings, YNSN, Navy No. 128, U. S. Naval Supply Center, C/O FPO, San Francisco, California
Hodges, Robert P., Route 5, Box 175, London, 891W
Hooper, Marion, 359 S. 4th, Danville, 1527-R, 1985
Johnson, Ed, Box 185, Kentucky Wesleyan College, Owensboro
Jones, Donald, Bengal, 4820, 153G
Kuster, William F., 174 Franklin St., Tell City, Ind., 352R1, 18
Littlepage, Pryce B., 431 Sugg St., Madisonville, 505-W, 2389
Looney, Charles, 708 Parkway Dr., Louisville
McCartt, Dock Shirley, 208 Oak, Somerset, 62-W, 158
Preece, James A., Box 492, Inez
Ryan, William, 1637 Burdette Ct., Owensboro
Sayre, Dave, Box 365, Hurricane, W. Va.
Seullen, Maj. A. R., 7618 Mt. Vernon, Ft. Knox, 6998, 5712
Taylor, James M., Jr., 307 21st, Middlesboro, 505
Threut, Hoyte B., 827½ W. Main St., Princeton
Wallin, Malcolm (Buddy), 102 Delmont Dr., Lexington, 4-1457

Synopsis of Major Activities of The 1954 National

NAME	Excel	Good	Fair	Poor	NAME	Excel	Good	Fair	Poor
Allmon, Raymond T.	4	2	0	0	Engle, Orville	3	1	0	0
Anderson, E. W., Jr.	2	4	0	0	Ernst, Ray C.	2	7	1	1
Applegate, William L.	1	0	1	0	Farmer, John	0	1	0	0
Ashworth, Fred G.	1	0	0	1	Faust, John F.	1	1	3	0
Bach, Stanley	4	3	0	0	Fey, Allen	0	9	2	0
Baker, Charles Joe	7	5	0	0	Figg, Charles R.	2	7	5	5
Ball, Al	1	1	0	0	Fisher, W. B.	2	9	0	1
Ballard, Clark	0	2	0	0	Fitchko, Bill	21	2	1	0
Banko, Gus	4	1	0	0	Fletcher, John L.	2	2	0	1
Barlow, Billy B.	0	1	0	0	Florence, Robert H.	4	4	2	0
Barlow, Bob	6	7	1	0	Forbes, John W., Jr.	2	0	2	2
Barlow, James L.	5	11	2	1	Foreman, Earl V., Jr.	0	0	1	0
Bauer, Richard E.	5	0	1	1	Forsythe, Robert	3	8	5	0
Bell, Thomas P.	10	2	0	0	Fortney, Robert L.	1	1	1	1
Bennett, Howard	10	5	2	1	Freihaut, Herman P.	3	5	0	0
Betz, Dick	17	9	1	0	Gant, W. G., Jr.	4	4	0	0
Black, Charles D.	0	6	0	0	Garrity, E. F.	1	1	0	0
Blanton, Homer	4	11	1	1	Gettler, John F.	3	11	3	2
Bloebaum, Albert	0	8	0	0	Gillespie, Robert C.	9	6	0	0
Boemker, Bob	0	13	3	0	Gish, Delmas	6	5	5	0
Bostick, Lord M., Jr.	7	2	0	0	Gorham, Robert J.	3	5	1	0
Bowling, Harry	8	7	1	0	Gosiger, Paul E.	5	11	1	0
Bowman, Earl G.	3	11	2	0	Grace, Charles K.	4	6	0	0
Briggs, James P.	3	8	0	0	Green, Walter	4	2	0	0
Brizendine, Vic	6	12	3	0	Greenlee, O. C. (Doug)	1	0	0	0
Broderick, Carroll A.	12	5	2	0	Grissom, William H.	1	4	1	0
Brotzge, Maurice J.	1	3	0	1	Gruneisen, Sam J.	1	2	0	2
Burd, Ossie	7	5	0	0	Hadden, Newell P., Jr.	4	21	2	0
Byrd, Harry G.	0	0	1	0	Haffey, Stan	6	9	0	0
Calman, Edwin C., Jr.	4	10	4	1	Hagan, Joseph E.	9	12	1	1
Campbell, John J.	4	5	0	0	Hagerman, Bart	4	8	1	0
Carlson, David A.	4	6	2	3	Hale, Charlie	0	1	0	0
Carroll, Thomas J.	3	2	0	0	Hambrick, Walter	6	5	3	0
Carter, Richard C.	2	0	0	0	Hanes, Edward C.	6	10	1	1
Carter, William W.	1	0	0	0	Harris, Gene	8	15	2	0
Chaney, Joseph G.	2	6	0	2	Hartley, William E.	3	1	1	1
Chattin, Ernest P.	4	5	0	0	Heinold, John R.	0	7	0	0
Clark, Buford	1	0	0	0	Heldman, John, Jr.	16	3	0	0
Coleman, James T.	2	10	1	1	Hellard, George D., Jr.	6	13	0	0
Collier, J. Hamlet, Jr.	2	8	1	0	Herbert, Eddie	1	1	0	0
Combs, Travis	17	2	1	1	Hewling, Richard	1	10	2	0
Cook, E. C.	9	4	0	0	Himmeler, Robert H.	2	2	0	0
Cover, Harry E.	1	6	1	0	Hougland, Charles R., Jr.	4	7	0	2
Cox, Layton	13	8	1	0	Hoferer, Louis R.	7	1	1	0
Craig, Randy	0	0	1	0	Hogan, John E.	5	8	1	0
Creasey, Fred	5	10	2	0	Holbrook, William M.	2	14	2	1
Crosthwaite, J. S., Jr.	29	7	0	0	Holeman, D. Fletcher	13	6	3	0
Crotty, Tom	0	14	2	0	Holland, Tom J.	1	0	0	0
Crum, Edward E.	5	3	0	0	Hollowell, James R.	1	3	1	0
Cullen, Herbert M.	7	2	0	0	Howerton, Jack, Jr.	1	2	0	0
Dallmann, James W.	0	0	0	3	Hunter, Charles	2	2	0	0
Daniel, Ernie, Jr.	4	4	2	1	Isaac, John K.	1	1	0	0
Davis, Charlie	11	2	0	0	Jacobs, Edwin A.	0	1	0	0
Davis, Clyde E.	2	3	2	0	Janning, Robert L.	0	11	1	0
Deaver, John W.	13	6	0	0	Jeter, John B.	3	7	3	2
Delaney, Mike	1	1	0	0	Johnson, Bernard M.	13	9	1	1
Derrington, Robert	3	5	1	0	Johnson, Ellis T.	11	1	0	0
DeVault, Don	1	3	0	0	Johnston, J. M., Jr.	0	1	0	0
Dexter, Sam	4	11	5	3	Jones, Robert E.	1	0	0	0
Diehl, Cleo	1	1	0	0	Keller, Herman	1	0	1	0
DiMuzio, Robert	0	3	0	0	Kempf, Joseph	1	2	0	1
Dolan, Richard S.	0	1	1	0	Kemper, Russell H.	0	8	1	0
Dreyer, Jack	1	10	0	0	Kiefer, Wilms	4	4	0	0
Durkin, Jack H.	15	17	1	1	King, Roy	13	0	1	0
Edelen, Ben R.	4	3	1	0	Kraesig, Raymond	11	6	0	0
Ellis, Thomas B.	1	3	0	0	Lancaster, Harry C.	0	1	0	0
Elovitz, Carl	1	7	0	1	Lancaster, Morris B.	5	2	2	1
Elser, Don	1	0	0	1	Lawson, Carl E.	27	4	0	0

NAME	Excel	Good	Fair	Poor	NAME	Excel	Good	Fair	Poor
Lawson, Sam	7	7	0	0	Rudolph, Fred, Jr.	1	4	0	0
Lenahan, Thomas F.	0	2	1	1	Rupert, Joe	0	3	0	0
Levicki, A. P.	1	2	0	0	Russell, Charles B.	15	7	2	0
Lindloff, Gilbert E.	4	4	1	1	Russell, Joe	13	6	0	0
Linker, Joe	1	3	2	1	Rutledge, Edward B.	0	5	0	0
Long, Leo J.	10	5	0	1	Sabato, Al	0	9	0	0
Longenecker, D. M.	5	5	0	0	Sacra, Gresham	1	4	1	0
Luawig, Harry F.	3	3	1	0	Sallee, W. E.	5	11	0	0
McCollum, Robert G.	6	11	3	0	Sauter, Harold S.	2	6	0	0
McCorkle, Wade E.	1	0	0	0	Saylor, Deward	6	2	0	0
McCowan, Connell	3	10	2	0	Schuhmann, Joseph R.	2	7	0	0
McGhee, Laurence	3	16	1	0	Schmitt, Karl F.	4	1	1	0
McKown, C. H.	5	1	0	0	Schuette, Frederick	2	6	0	1
McMillan, James N.	6	9	0	0	Schultz, Edward (Jake)	3	7	1	0
McNabb, Edgar	4	1	0	0	Schutz, John J., Jr.	8	7	8	1
McNeish, James S.	1	0	0	0	Scott, W. L. (Bill)	0	9	4	1
McTigue, Joe	0	7	2	0	Shaw, John H.	8	9	0	1
Makepeace, Wm. H., Jr.	3	13	1	2	Shaw, Stanley E.	1	0	0	0
Malcolm, Donald C.	9	0	1	0	Sheets, James W.	0	0	1	0
Martin, William J.	1	10	1	0	Showalter, John	12	5	1	1
Matarazzo, Salvatore	3	2	0	0	Sinclair, George H.	0	1	0	1
Mayhew, Happy	15	7	1	0	Sloan, Wallace	12	5	1	1
Mercke, Frank R.	3	0	1	2	Smith, Edgar J.	11	9	4	1
Milliken, John S., Jr.	0	4	1	0	Smith, Walter K.	2	4	0	0
Mitchell, Albert R.	3	9	2	1	Smith, William E.	2	2	0	1
Mitchell, Emmett	2	3	1	1	Smith, William J.	4	11	1	1
Mitchell, Vyron W.	3	3	0	0	Sortet, Wilbur	2	0	0	1
Moellering, Louis H.	5	6	0	1	Sossamon, James W.	5	8	2	0
Mordica, William A.	4	6	2	1	Sparks, Harry M.	3	3	0	1
Moss, Howard A.	7	9	2	0	Sperry, George A.	3	5	1	0
Muntan, Peter J.	1	1	1	2	Steere, David	0	1	0	1
Mussman, Ralph, Jr.	17	9	1	0	Stephenson, Harry S.	10	3	0	0
Nau, Bill	18	13	0	0	Stevens, Paul B.	13	7	0	0
Neal, Gene	12	3	6	0	Stevens, William D.	3	2	3	0
Nimmo, Lo	1	3	0	0	Stone, Clifton	1	1	0	0
Noland, Douglas	2	6	3	0	Streicher, Abe	2	4	3	0
Noland, James H., Jr.	0	0	1	1	Taylor, Dennis (Tubby)	1	7	0	0
Nord, Ed	2	5	0	0	Temple, J. B.	4	2	0	0
Nunn, Winston C.	3	6	2	0	Thompson, A. W.				
Omer, Billy W.	6	11	0	0	(Tommy)	3	4	2	0
O'Nan, Norman	8	9	0	0	Thompson, Jack	8	11	0	0
O'Neal, Bud	3	1	0	0	Thompson, Jack F., Jr.	1	13	0	0
Osborne, Ted	1	8	0	0	Thompson, Paul	8	1	4	0
Parker, M. L.	3	9	1	0	Thompson, Ralph	0	5	3	0
Patrick, Charles C.	7	1	0	0	Thurman, J. W.	11	9	0	0
Pearce, Horace L.	1	1	1	2	Thurman, Robert N.	0	0	0	1
Perdue, Paul	5	11	2	0	Todoran, Roman	1	2	0	0
Perkins, Billy	0	2	0	1	Treas, Joe W.	9	9	0	1
Perry, Alfred L.	15	13	0	0	Tucker, William R.	1	5	1	2
Pinson, Eugene	0	2	1	0	Tunstill, Jesse	3	6	0	0
Poore, William E.	1	0	0	0	Vankirk, Alvia S.	0	3	0	0
Potter, Sam	35	4	0	0	Varner, Ray G.	1	10	3	1
Powell, Logan G.	4	9	1	3	Vennari, Paul	1	0	0	0
Priode, Len	2	0	0	0	Vinson, William J.	10	0	0	0
Pudlo, Walter	1	2	0	0	Walker, Paul R.	3	2	0	0
Radjunas, Stan	14	2	0	0	Wanchic, Nicholas	4	12	1	2
Ratterman,					Warf, Emerson	1	2	2	0
Bernard W., Sr.	1	9	4	1	Watson, John T.	1	0	0	0
Reddington, James T.	0	0	2	0	Weber, Edward H.	3	4	0	0
Reece, Fred	1	7	2	0	Wedde, Bob	6	5	2	0
Reed, Gordon (Moe)	0	1	0	0	Wedge, Donald R.	1	0	0	0
Reinhart, Gene	4	9	0	0	Welch, Bill	2	8	3	1
Richlin, Maurice	3	2	4	1	Welch, Tom	1	9	5	1
Riddle, Maurice G.	0	4	2	0	Welch, Troy L.	1	0	0	0
Robertson, Everett L.	8	1	0	0	Wellman, Earl	0	0	1	0
Rocke, James M.	15	4	1	0	Wiggington, A. M., Sr.	1	3	2	0
Rogers, John B.	1	0	0	0	Wilson, Jack R.	3	2	2	0
Rolph, Harold J.	2	4	0	0	Wilson, John P.	3	1	1	0
Rose, Alfred W.	1	2	1	0	Winfrey, Shelby	2	0	0	0
Rose, Andy	2	2	0	0	Zimmerman, James C.	11	5	0	0
Ross, Bill E.	2	8	0	0					

The Flying Dutchman

History is being written in the realm of school boy sportsmanship when a basketball player on the crucial decision of a game can take an official's decision "on the chin" and admit that he committed a foul which decides a most important tournament contest.

To Hugh Durham of Eastern High School of Middletown, goes The Flying Dutchman's salute of the month. With the controversial charging-blocking situation involved, Official Ben Edelen called charging on Hugh in the closing seconds of the Eastern-Manual Game in the Louisville Invitational Tournament, and Hugh took it "on the chin" like a true Kentucky Sportsman. A truly fierce competitor and a kid who plays every sport to win, Hugh Durham turned to Ben Edelen as his Manual opponent scored the foul point and said, "It was a close decision, but you were right." In that instant Hugh Durham became one of Kentucky's school boy immortals in the realm of sportsmanlike competition.

Marvin Gay, Louisville Times Sports Writer, paid Hugh the greatest compliment which could be paid a young athlete as he featured Hugh in his "Gay's Say." Marvin, who is constantly working for keen, competitive, sportsmanlike play in athletics, told the Dutchman that he felt that Durham's example is one which will make for improvement of athletic competition everywhere. We heartily agree.

Such action by a young athlete reflects credit not only on himself, but on his school, home and all those associated with him. It is rare indeed that a school boy is ever recognized with the Corn Cob Pipe of Honor Award for unselfish service to others, but Durham becomes one of the Cob Pipe Winners for the month of January because he passed up the opportunity to claim selfishly that he had been blocked, and showed athletes everywhere that a real sportsman knows how to take it as well as dish it out.

Those little Corn Cob Pipes of Honor mean a lot to the recipients as is evidenced by this quotation from Herman F. Keller, a member of the Board of Control of the National Federation of State High School Athletic Associations and a teacher in the Evansville, Indiana, school system: "It was indeed a very pleasant surprise recently when through the mail I received the Cob Pipe of Honor and its accompanying certificate. I had read about Cob Pipe Recipients in the Kentucky

High School Athlete but little did I realize that I would ever become a member of The Flying Dutchman's Honor Roll. . . . Thank you very, very much for your very distinct honor conferred upon me and I only hope that I in some small way am worthy of it."

Another quote from Wilfred Susott, President of the Southern Indiana Officials Association, says, "I can see the results of your efforts in The Flying Dutchman Column as I officiate for the schools in Kentucky. The courtesy extended to the officials is a direct reflection of the efforts in your column. It was indeed a pleasant surprise to receive your Corn Cob Pipe of Honor. I shall certainly display The Flying Dutchman Award."

Countless Kentuckians certainly deserve the Corn Cob Pipe of Recognition but the Dutchman always waits for a recommendation from another Kentuckian before conferring the Honor. One of the coaches who should have had one of the little stinkers years ago is Freddie Lake, of Mackville. In all The Dutchman's experience, he has never met a gentleman of higher caliber and one whose life is more exemplary than Freddie's.

It remained, however, for officials Otis Roller and Jim King to call for a Corn Cob Pipe of Honor to be sent Freddie Lake, whom they classify as "one of the greatest." Start smokin', Freddie, because it's on its way to you now.

Hundreds of letters, cards and telephone calls have come to The Flying Dutchman from all parts of the United States commenting on the article "Basketball In Kentucky" which is currently appearing in SPORTS REVIEW on the news stands. No doubt exists that Kentucky's school boy basketball was placed squarely in front of the nation through this article. People from everywhere expressed amazement at all of the stimulating activities injected into Kentucky's high school basketball through the K.H.S.A.A. promotions.

Incidentally, one of the most appreciated compliments on the SPORTS REVIEW article came from Vine Grove's Loy Ingram. Loy, who is one of the most popular chaps in that section of Kentucky, is presently recuperating from a heart attack. A fellow has to get sick before he really finds out how many friends he has made because of unselfish activities all through his lifetime. This has happened to Loy, who has always been a friend of kids and has always been willing to go out of his way to do something unselfishly for somebody else. In recognition, Loy Ingram becomes a Corn Cob Pipe of Honor winner along with Coach Freddie

Lake and Hugh Durham for the month of January.

Basketball officials in Kentucky are certainly versatile. This could never have been made more evident than when Don Hill, sportscaster, suffered laryngitis during the professional basketball game played this month in the Armory and called on personable John Dromo to take over the radio mike for him.

As the Dutchman listened to the broadcast of the game, he would have gambled that the voice was that of official John Dromo, but because he knew that Dromo was a "Whistler" and not a sportscaster and because the running account was so close to perfection, he could not be certain until a time out when it was announced that Dromo was pinchhitting for Don. We were further amazed later to learn that Dromo had never attempted a broadcast of a basketball game before. Personally, we would suggest that he go into this business professionally and become a millionaire faster by so doing than he would by officiating.

Remember to help that physically handicapped youngster to engage in sports normally like other young athletes. Further remember to write The Flying Dutchman telling about the Game Guy you are sponsoring so that he may be honored with the Dutchman's Lionheart Lapel Button and his name placed in the "hopper" for consideration for the Game Guy Plaque which is presented at the Annual K.H.S.A.A. Banquet to the youngster overcoming the greatest physical handicap to engage in Kentucky's high school sports.

NATIONAL FEDERATION MEETING

(Continued from Page One)

CHECK-UP ON 1954 CODE: 20,000 football questionnaires were distributed and approximately 5,800 were returned and tabulated. The returns indicate a high degree of satisfaction with the changes which were authorized for the season of 1954. The rules which provided that a stopped clock should be started with the snap or a free-kick unless the Referee orders otherwise for abuse and the rule which eliminates nearly all possibility for a "hide-out" play were approved by more than 10 to 1. The simplification of the rule concerning a foul by B during the last timed down of a period and the increasing of the penalty for defensive holding were approved by about the same proportion. The rule which permits a team to use a properly constructed rubber-covered football when that team puts the ball in play was approved by a vote of about 2 to 1. Comments on the questionnaire concerning use of the rubber-covered football indicate that whatever objection has been voiced is based on lack of proper mechanics for making a change in balls when one

team chooses to use the leather-covered ball and the other prefers the rubber-covered ball.

Reports from Rhode Island and other scattered areas where transition to the Federation Code was delayed until the 1954 season indicate a high degree of satisfaction with use of the Code. The simplification and orderly arrangement, as outlined in the recently released folder entitled "Football Symposium," was commented upon as being one of the reasons for the satisfaction which has been expressed by coaches and officials in making the transition. These simplified procedures have had a good effect on the game as administered by all groups and the advantages have more than balanced any slight inconvenience which may have come from adjusting to a new code.

COMMITTEE REPORTS: During the 1954 season, data concerning various phases of the game were collected. These were included in reports made by each of the standing committees. A summary of all statistics was available for use by Committee members in their deliberations.

AUTHORIZED RULES REVISIONS

Page 4: A note will be inserted under the field diagram to provide for flags with elastic standards at the ends of the field to assist in marking the inbounds lines when conditions are such as to obliterate the inbounds marks. Also, it will be stated that if both benches are on the same side of the field, they should extend from each 45-yardline to each 20-yardline.

1-5-1: The last sentence of this article will be revised to urge further use of some type of mouth or face protector and to make it permissible for any player to use a properly constructed face mask, including a rubber-covered cage-type mask provided it extends only a reasonable distance in front of the face. A survey of equipment revealed that many schools use the cage-type mask for the protection of spectacles and for protection against inadvertent blows which might injure the nose or mouth. Sentiment expressed in connection with the survey indicates that many types of mask are evolving and that it would not be wise to outlaw any of the widely used types until such time as it might be proved by statistical data that any one type is less safe than another. In the meantime, the current interpretation that it is illegal to deliberately grasp or twist a face mask for the purpose of worrying or twisting the head of the wearer is in effect. The equipment and safety committees were instructed to continue their studies and to attempt to develop a standard which might be applied to determine which type of protector should be encouraged and which should be considered illegal. These committees will continue to work with equipment manufacturers in the attempt to develop this type of equipment.

1-5-3-d: The last sentence of this item will be revised to permit the use of a properly constructed metal-tipped cleat. Also, a note will be added to specify that, beginning with the 1956 season, a cleat longer than 7/8 inch will be prohibited. In the rules supplement or elsewhere in the published material, schools will be urged to make wider use of practice cleats which are not longer than 3/4 inch and have an end diameter of 1/2 inch and of the cleats from 1/2 inch to 3/4 inch in length which have no metal posts but which are molded in the shoe sole, and some of which may be re-soled at small expense. The proper committees were instructed to attempt to develop standards for the

proper type of metal alloy which will not chip or develop scratching surfaces.

2-3-2: A definition of what constitutes a valid fair catch signal will be inserted. The statement will be similar to that which appeared in the 1953 rules book and which was inadvertently omitted in the 1954 edition.

3-3-1: This article will be revised to provide for notifying the coaches as well as the captains that approximately 4 minutes of the half remain. Unless time is already out, the Referee will order the clock stopped for the notification. If a field clock is being used as the official timepiece, no notification will be required. By general rule, the clock will then be started with the snap or freekick.

3-3-3: To correct an inadvertent "holdover" statement, the exception for fair catch interference will be omitted.

6-2-4: The last sentence will be revised to make it clear that first touching of a kick by K is ignored if R then touches the kick and thereafter commits a foul. This revision does not change present practices except for one rare occurrence. That is the case where K might choose to decline the penalty for the foul by R. Under present rule, the first touching by K would be ignored if the foul occurs after R has had possession. The revised rule will make this apply if the penalty is declined, even though the foul occurs after touching (muffing) by R but with no possession.

6-4-2: The words "beyond the line" will be inserted at the end of the second line. The purpose is to make it clear that the statement applies only when the touching by K is beyond the scrimmage line or the free-kick line. Any touching behind K's line is ignored as far as the fair catch rule is concerned but it may cause the free-kick to be short.

6-4-5: The penalty will be simplified by stating that R may choose an awarded fair catch at spot of the interference. With this revision, the last part of the present wording becomes unnecessary because the declining of a penalty permits a team to ignore the foul and to take advantage of action during a down. Hence R might take the 15-yard penalty or decline it and they might choose to take an awarded fair catch or to keep the ball at point where it became dead in their possession. The purpose of the change in wording is simplification. There is no change in procedure.

7-2-4: The last sentence will be slightly reworded by substituting "be" for "take a position." If A1 runs through the 15-yard area, it is not necessary that he stop.

7-2-7: The wording will be revised to omit the statement about a snapper moving his feet during the snap. This will permit the snapper to move his foot at the time the ball motion starts. His foot rights are the same as those of any player of A.

7-5-4: and P.R. 4 under 8-5-2: The last sentence of Art. 4 will be reworded to make it clear that "enforcement" includes either accepting or declining the penalty. The new wording will specify that even if the penalty is declined, the ball belongs to the passing team at spot of the illegal pass. If the foul (the illegal pass) is by A and occurs during 4th down, a new series may then be awarded Team B if the ball is behind the line-to-gain and is not a safety. If B intercepts an illegal pass, they may choose to retain possession and have the foul ignored.

8-3-4: The Editorial Committee was authorized to

revise the last sentence if it appears necessary to cover the possible double or multiple fouls which might be involved. Actually, the last sentence of Rule 2-22 probably gives sufficient coverage.

8-5-1: At the end of the 4th line, "either of" will be inserted.

8-5-2-c: In last line "the penalty" will be substituted for "it."

Play 4 under 8-5-2 will be omitted or the ruling will be revised to state that it is a safety regardless of whether the penalty is accepted or declined.

9-3-c: This will be expanded to include batting or batting at a loose ball other than a forward pass.

9-6-1: A report on an experiment by a conference in New York indicates that the group favors a modification which permits the quarterback to confer with his coach whenever the clock is stopped. The Committee did not feel that action on this matter at the present time would be desirable but they they authorized the New York authorities to continue the experiment if the conference members desire to do so.

10-2-1 and 2: These articles will be revised to indicate that the dividing line in determining whether these fouls constitute a double or multiple foul is the beginning, rather than the ending of enforcement. If there is a foul by A during the down and there is a foul by B after it has been determined whether the penalty for the first foul will be accepted or declined, the second foul will not make this situation a double foul. Instead, penalty for the 1st foul will be accepted or declined, after which penalty for the second foul will be accepted or declined. The Editorial Committee was authorized to use some discretion after careful study of the problems which might be encountered in changing this dividing line.

An attempt will be made to outline the proper procedure in certain borderline cases where it is difficult to determine when a penalty has been accepted or declined. In certain situations, the Referee is instructed to consider the penalty as having been automatically accepted or declined if an advantage to the offended team is obvious. It will be necessary to specify whether, in such circumstances, the acceptance or declination occurs as soon as ball becomes dead. Several plays in the Case Book will cover some of the doubtful situations if the revision is attempted and there is no way to fix a definite time when the decision as to acceptance has been made.

10-2-3: This article will be revised for better coverage and to make it clear that this includes fouls connected with the try-for-point but does not include fouls connected with the free-kick. It will also be examined in the light of the possible revision of 10-2.

GENERAL: Interpretations for several listed situations were authorized. Some of these confirm interpretations which were used during the past season and some of them are slightly revised.

1. In determining whether a second shift is a false start, the Official may regard it as a suspicious circumstance if the snapper suddenly removes his hand from the ball to participate in a shift or if the linemen have taken their normal charging position with a hand on the ground and then make a sudden change in this position as a part of the shift. In contrast, if linemen are not down in their charging position but merely have hands on the knees when starting the second shift, the benefit of any doubt should be given to Team A.

2. If a player of A is not in legal position on



Park City has a new gymnasium seating 2000.

the line and is not at least one yard behind the line when he starts in motion backward, it is not necessary that he be 5 yards behind the line at the time of the snap if he is the man in motion. Under ordinary circumstances, this will be the quarterback but it also applies to a flanker who may be near the line but not on the line prior to the snap but is at least a yard behind the line at the time of the snap.

3. If, during a scrimmage-kick, a fair catch signal is given by a player who is a considerable distance away from where the kick comes down, Officials are authorized to assume that players of K would not have a reasonable opportunity to know that a signal had been given. Hence, if a runner is tackled after the ball has become dead, it is not subject to penalty. In such matters, the procedure should be the same for any case in which there is activity if the ball has become dead. Penalty is enforced only in case the player had reasonable opportunity to know that the ball had become dead.

4. If two players have hand or hands on the ball, each is to be regarded as a runner and either may be tackled. Any advance which is made while the ball is in possession of more than one player is to be considered a legal advance, provided there is no hand-off while the player who last takes the ball is in advance of the player from whom he receives it in a situation where forward handling is prohibited.

5. If a snapper moves a foot at about the time of the snap, the Official is authorized to penalize if there is a suspicion that the foot is being moved before the snap motion starts. The snapper has the same foot rights as those of any teammate. However, it is somewhat easier for the snapper to make a false start by moving a foot slightly before the ball motion is started. If there is such movement, the Official should not hesitate to rule that it is a false start.

6. If players make a practice of slapping or jerking or twisting a face protector, it is a suspicious act. Slapping is clearly a foul. Jerking or twisting is an infraction of 9-2-2-c and if such act appears to be for the purpose of irritating the opponent or merely because it offers a good hand hold for loosening the helmet.

FOOTBALL OFFICIATING PROCEDURES: Af-

ter careful study of certain items related to officiating mechanics, the Game Administration Committee recommended a number of procedures which involve signals. The following procedures were authorized.

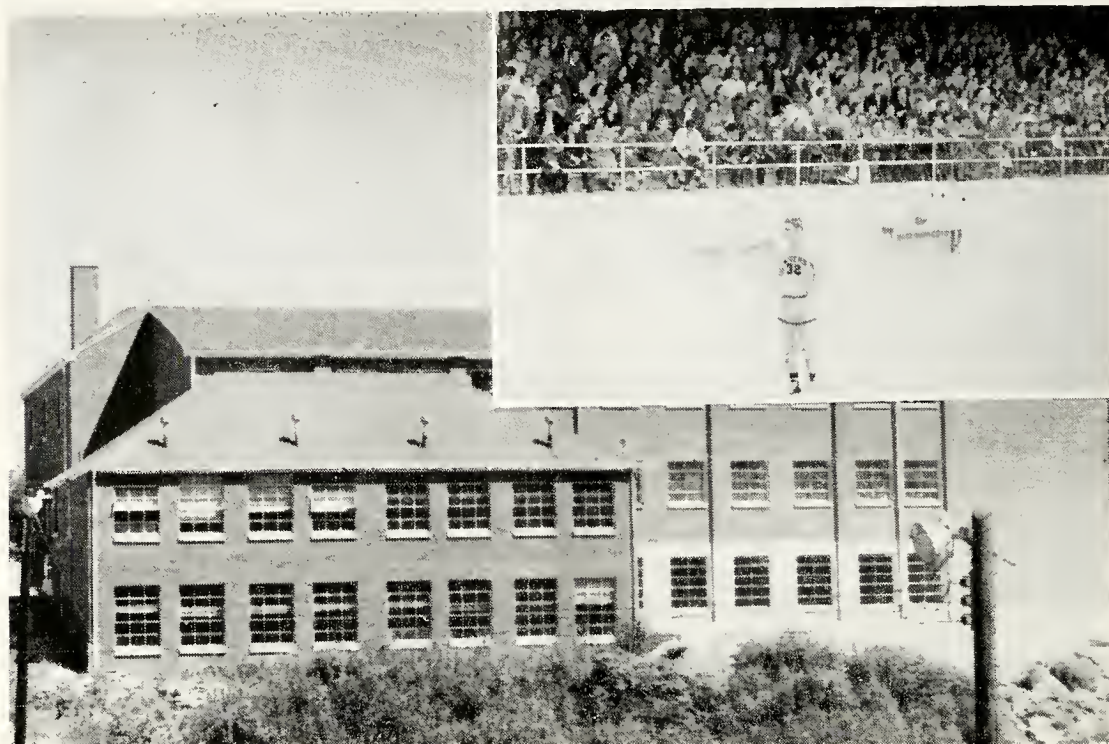
For intentional grounding, Signal 12 will be used. For false start, illegal acts by the snapper, illegal snap, illegal position at snap, having fewer than 7 players on A's line at the snap and for flying block or tackle, Signal 2 will be used. The designation for Signal 2 will be "for illegal position or procedure." For an illegal shift, Signal 3 (illegal motion) executed with both hands will be used. For charging into a fair catcher, Signal 5 (personal foul) will be used. The same signal will be used for striking, kicking, or kneeing. For roughing the kicker, Signal 8 will be used. For holding or illegal use of hand or arm by either team, Signal 11 will be used. The defensive holding signal (10) which was used in past years will be discontinued. A new signal will be used in place of Signal 10. It is the placing of the finger tips of each hand on each shoulder. This will be used for illegally kicking, batting, kicking at or batting at a loose ball. That type of forward pass interference which is caused by an ineligible receiver being downfield too soon will be designated by Signal 15.

Signal 18 will be used to indicate interlocked interference as well as for crawling, pushing or helping the runner. When a touchback occurs, the dead ball signal will be followed by waving the raised hand from side to side.

Present Signal 6 which has been used for roughness and piling on will be discontinued. This is one of the personal fouls and the personal foul signal will be used.

FOOTBALL CASE BOOK: Several slight revisions in play rulings as used in the Football Case Book were authorized. Most of these are for correcting typographical errors or for making the statement more complete. Plays which are affected include the following: 4; 9; 11; Items about Rule 10 on page 8; Question 2 of page 9; 125; 148; 209A; and Question 1 on page 63.

MINOR EDITORIAL CHANGES were referred to the Editorial Committee with authority to act. Also, several specific items were assigned to the proper standing committee for further study and possible inclusion on next year's questionnaire.



The 13th Regional Tournament will be held in Clay County's new gym.

Basketball Films

The basketball films listed below are in the Film Library of the University of Kentucky Department of Extension. The code letters "e, j, s, c, a" refer to elementary, junior high, senior high, college, and adult audiences who may enjoy the particular film listed. The rental prices shown do not apply to schools which use one of the special subscription service plans, offered by the Bureau of Audio-Visual Material.

BALL HANDLING IN BASKETBALL, j-s-c, 1 reel, \$1.50

Teaches fundamentals of basketball handling including stances, grip, control, adjustment before shooting, catching the ball, and other points. Presents game shots, using special photographic techniques to illustrate principles.

BASKETBALL FUNDAMENTALS—INDIVIDUAL TECHNIQUES, j-s, 1½ reels, \$2.50

Branch McCracken, Indiana University basketball coach, uses his team to demonstrate the fundamentals of basketball. Slow-motion photography is used to break the various court techniques down into easily grasped essentials.

BASKETBALL KENTUCKY STYLE, j-s-c-a, 2 reels, \$2.50 (in state), \$5.00 (out of state)

This is the revised edition of the film "Basketball By Rupp" prepared under the personal direction of Mr. Rupp especially for coaching use.

CHAMPIONSHIP BASKETBALL—TEAM TECHNIQUES, j-s, 1 reel, \$1.50

Man-to-man defense is shown, with the means best used under varying conditions.

CLARK COUNTY VS. DUPONT MANUAL (SEMI-FINALS), e-j-s-c-a, 4 reels, silent, \$.75

One of the 1952 State Basketball Tournament games. Manual won 54-53, on a goal by Moffett in the last two seconds of the game.

CUBA VS. DUPONT MANUAL, (FINALs), e-j-s-c-a, 3 reels, silent, \$.75

This is the final game of the 1952 State Basketball Tournament, in which the Cuba Cubs defeated Manual Crimson by the score of 58-52.

CUBA VS. HINDMAN (SEMI-FINALS), e-j-s-c-a, 3 reels, silent, \$.75

This film is on one of the semi-final games of the 1952 State Basketball Tournament. Cuba won 54-52 in a double overtime.

DEFENSIVE FOOTWORK IN BASKETBALL, j-s-c, 1 reel, \$1.50

Striding with an opponent, checking, maneuvering him out of position and other basic skills are illustrated, using special photography to demonstrate points. Rebounding, pivoting, and correlated arm action are taught also.

KING BASKETBALL, j-s-c-a, 3 reels, \$.75

The official rules for the 1953-54 season are interpreted in this film. In addition, play situations are demonstrated by members of the Shawnee Mission basketball team, finalists in the Kansas State High School Tournament. Particular skills are shown by Robin Freeman, jump shot artist, who averaged thirty points a game for Hughes High School, Cincinnati; Wade Holbrook, a 7 foot ¾ inch giant from the Portland, Oregon, State High

School champions; and Chuck Darling, All-American center from the University of Iowa.

MODERN BASKETBALL, j-s-c-a, 3 reels, \$.50

This film presents two high school teams playing basketball, illustrating the techniques of the game. It presents various infractions of the rules and how to avoid them.

NEWPORT VS. INEZ (1954) K.H.S. BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT FINALS, e-j-s-c-a, 3 reels, silent, \$.75

This is the final game of the 1954 State Basketball Tournament, in which Inez defeated Newport by the score of 63-55. The sparkling play of Newport's Redmon, and Inez's Cassady and Triplett, is the highlight of the film. The three players were selected as members of the All-State Team.

PADUCAH TILGHMAN VS. LEXINGTON LAFAYETTE (1953) K.H.S. BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT FINALS, e-j-s-c-a, 3 reels, silent, \$.75

This is the final game of the 1953 State Basketball Tournament in which Lafayette High of Lexington, Kentucky defeated Paducah Tilghman of Paducah, Kentucky, by the score of 84-53. This film shows the superior play of two very excellent teams.

RUPP'S FUNDAMENTALS OF BASKETBALL, j-s-c-a, 3 reels, \$.50

Coach Rupp's University of Kentucky Wildcats (1949-50) demonstrate ten different plays in such a clear manner that it is easy to follow and learn each play.

SHOOTING IN BASKETBALL, j-s-c-a, 1 reel, \$1.50

Concentrating on the set shot, this film pictures the action of the throw, stance, aim, trajectory, and fingertip control. Special attention is given total body coordination, especially inward rotation of the hand and arm making the throw.

Athletics and the Atomic Age

It takes years to build body strength and coordination, and generations to build a nation. The fused atoms from the H-bomb can destroy both in a split second. This could lead to a fatalistic philosophy of "What's the use?" But it took a virile, non-fatalistic nation to develop the know-how and the x-billion cash to get on speaking terms with this con-old secret. No group of washed-out sedentarians could have done it.

Nature's laws do not change. Man's ability to understand them and adapt himself is the stuff on which progress is based. That muscles develop through use and coordination comes from practice, is as true today as it was when an atombusting cataclysm projected the swirls which came together in human form. Desirable human relationships spring from matching strength, speed and wit with other individuals and with other

forces. The individual grows through striving mightily in a common cause under stress of competition. To date, no one has been able to find a suitable substitute for this stimulus.

The schools are the channel through which the flood of living energy flows. As the units tumble through, they are bombarded with the neutronic cosmic forces which cause latent talent and pent up energy to explode or fuse into the skills and abilities which give purpose and importance to the process of living. One important source of this atomic phenomenon is the activity centered around training of the human physical mechanism. Atomic power is a physical thing just as muscular power and endurance are physical. Mental processes merely unlock the shackles. To neglect the importance of the physical is to fail to appreciate basic natural law. Strength, health, endurance and coordination are basic attributes worth striving for. They seldom reach maximum development without direction. That direction is one essential job of the school.

It takes courage and ingenuity to gear the school physical fitness activity to enable the human mechanism to keep pace with the needs of the new era in which supersonic speed is a fait accompli and the terrible and wonderful power in the atom is being unlocked.

The nation's welfare depends on the ability of the schools to reach every student through this important activity. They must not fail.—A National Federation Editorial.

DON'T WAIT

When I quit this mortal shore,
And mosey 'round the earth no more,
Don't weep, don't sigh, don't sob,
I may have struck a better job.

Don't go and buy a large bouquet,
For which you'll find it hard to pay.

Don't mope around and feel all blue,
I may be better off than you,
Don't tell the folks I was a saint,
Or any old thing that I ain't.

If you have jam like that to spread,
Please hand it out before I'm dead.

If you have roses, bless your soul,
Just pin one in my button-hole,
While I'm alive and well, today,
Don't wait until I've gone away.

—Anonymous

Girls Sports Association News

Last month the organization of a state association for girls sports was announced. It is hoped that many of you have been considering how you can get a G.S.A. started in your school. The constitution which will be used to govern the state association was published, and you have all had a chance to read it through. It is planned to hold the election of officers at the annual meeting during K.E.A. Only representatives of member associations will be allowed to hold office. Your dues should be sent in as soon as possible in order that you may get started on your local school plans. In order to help local schools get started, suggestions are made here for your help. Also there is a membership blank for your use. This blank should be returned to Dr. Martha G. Carr, Department of Physical Education, University of Kentucky, who is acting as temporary chairman until the election of officers can be held.

Getting the G.S.A. Started

The organization of a Girls Sports Association is started best by talking with the girls in the school. Follow this by a discussion with the Dean of Girls, the Guidance Counselor, and then the Principal. Stress in each meeting the values, types of program and what other schools are doing in G.S.A. Some of the values you may want to stress could be: Social development, leisure time activities, improvement of skills, promotion of leadership, physical fitness, teaching carry-over activities, co-recreation encouraged, health and safety, participation of large groups, wholesome attitudes established, and fun for all.

With the permission of the principal, organize a Girls' School Athletic Council consisting of the following members: Principal, Dean of Girls, Guidance Counselor, two interested teachers, men's coach, school custodian, school Business Manager, and a student representative.

Present these problems to the council:

Time available for the club, use of the gymnasium, and facilities and equipment.

These meetings are necessary to set up a G.S.A.:

1. A meeting of all girls of the school called by the Dean of Girls, the Principal or you, if you have the authority. Have a speaker from another school or the state association to explain her G.S.A. If this is not possible, you, the teacher, should do this. Present the report of the Girl's School Athletic Council. Nominate tentative officers from the girls.

2. Hold another meeting of all the girls in the school. Explain that membership is open to all girls. Tell about your tentative plans for activities and program. Discuss awards (this is not necessary). Have an election of officers. Appoint a constitution committee.

3. A meeting of interested girls only. Adopt the constitution. Appoint student sport managers. Appoint any committees called for in the constitution.

Now you are ready to start making plans for the year's program. Next month several ideas for program will be given, but until then you might consider the following points in setting up your sports calendar: 1) Facilities in the community as well as in your school, 2) Needs and interests of the student body, 3) Equipment on hand, 4) Time which can be allotted to program, 5) Indoor and outdoor activities, 6) Organized and unorganized activities, 7) Selecting activities from both team and individual sports, 8) Competitive and non-competitive sports, 9) Co-educational activities, 10) Play days, 11) Award banquets.

Competition can be carried on through color teams, home room teams, class teams, or any group of interested girls. Have some activities "just for fun" without competition, such as hikes, picnics and parties.

Next month there will be information concerning activities and point systems. Now tear off the membership blank below or prepare a form similar to it and mail it as soon as possible.

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

In Kentucky Federation of High School Girls Sports Associations

Name of School _____ No. girls enrolled _____

Address _____

Faculty Adviser _____

Membership dues \$2.00 Enclosed _____ Will send _____

Please check the following:

We have a Girls Sports Association in our school _____

We Plan to organize an association _____

We would like help in organizing an association _____

Return to: Dr. Martha G. Carr, Department of Physical Education, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky.

ATTENTION . . . BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT DIRECTORS

The trophies shown on this page are the type selected by the KHSAA Board of Control for the Official District trophies and Regional trophies for all the KHSAA Tournaments in the 1955 season. All trophies have genuine walnut wood bases and all figures and cuts are in a beautiful sunray gold finish.

NOTE: The prices below include the application and supplying of the official KHSAA seal and necessary engraving.

Let us have your order early so you will not be disappointed from the standpoint of delivery.

**Regional
First Place
No. R1
Height 25"
Price
\$26.20**



**District
First Place
No. D1
Height 21"
Price
\$19.15**

**Regional
Runnerup
No. R2
Height 20"
Price
\$19.60**

**District
Runnerup
No. D2
Height 15"
Price
\$16.10**

No. R1

No. R2

No. D1

No. D2

Official Basketball: We can supply for your district and regional tournament as well as for your games the MacGregor Lastbilt No. X10L or the Spalding Lastbilt No. 100 or the Coach Rupp No. H200 ball for \$19.85 each and remember **ALL OF THESE BALLS WILL BE USED IN THE 1955 STATE KHSAA TOURNAMENT**, and furthermore, these three balls have been used in the past state tournaments.

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